

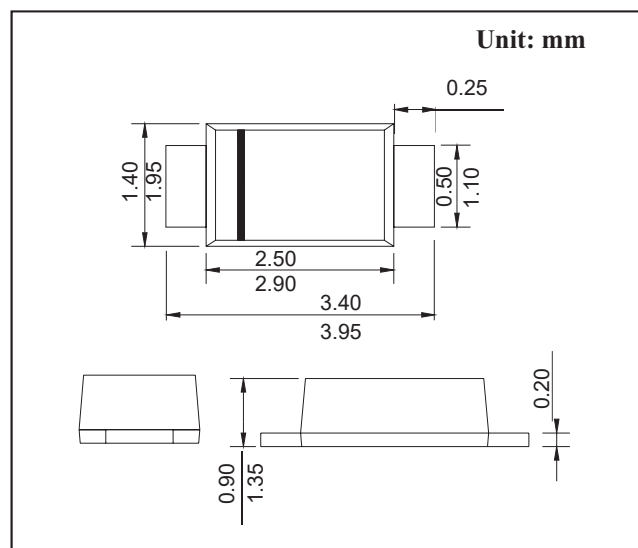
SOD123FL PLASTIC SILICON RECTIFIERS

FEATURES

- Metal silicon junction, majority carrier conduction
- For surface mounted applications
- Low power loss, high efficiency
- High forward surge current capability
- For use in low voltage, high frequency inverters, free wheeling, and polarity protection applications

MECHANICAL DATA

- Case: SOD-123FL molded plastic body
- Mounting position: any



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C Ambient Temperature (unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbols	K12W	K14W	K16W	K18W	K110W	K112W	K115W	K120W	Units
Maximum Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	20	40	60	80	100	120	150	200	V
Maximum RMS voltage	V _{RMS}	14	28	42	56	70	84	105	140	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V _{DC}	20	40	60	80	100	120	150	200	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current	I _{F(AV)}	1.0								A
Peak Forward Surge Current,8.3ms Single Half Sine-wave Superimposed on Rated Load (JEDEC method)	I _{FSM}	30								A
Max Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 1A	V _F	0.55		0.70		0.85		0.90		V
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated DC Reverse Voltage T _a = 25°C T _a =100°C	I _R	0.3 10				0.2 5		0.1 2		mA
Typical Junction Capacitance	C _j	110		80						pF
Typical Thermal Resistance	R _{θJA}	100								°C/W
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _j	-55 ~ +125								°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-55 ~ +150								°C

(1) Measured at 1 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4 V D.C

(2) P.C.B. mounted with 2.0" X 2.0" (5 X 5 cm) copper pad areas

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

Fig.1 Forward Current Derating Curve

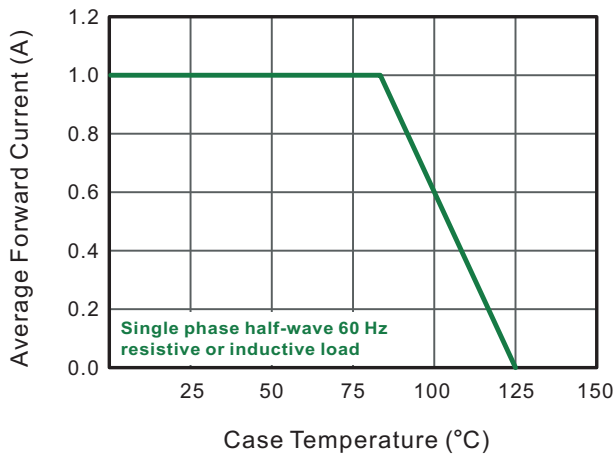


Fig.2 Typical Reverse Characteristics

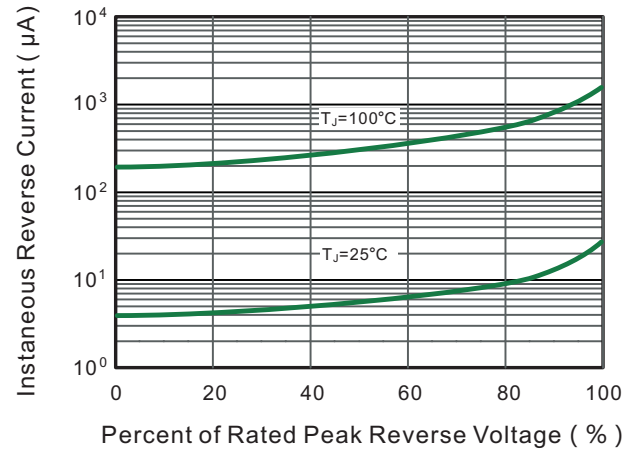


Fig.3 Typical Forward Characteristic

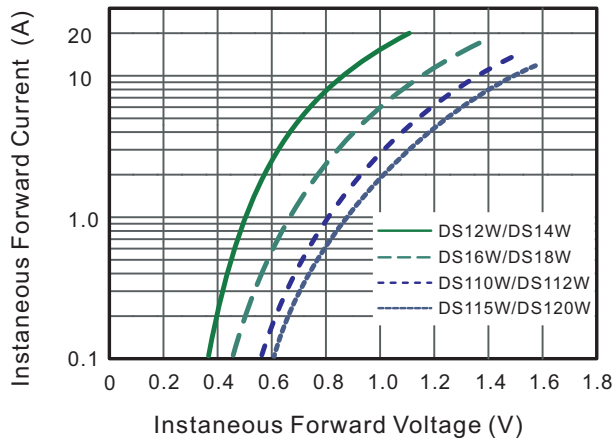


Fig.4 Typical Junction Capacitance

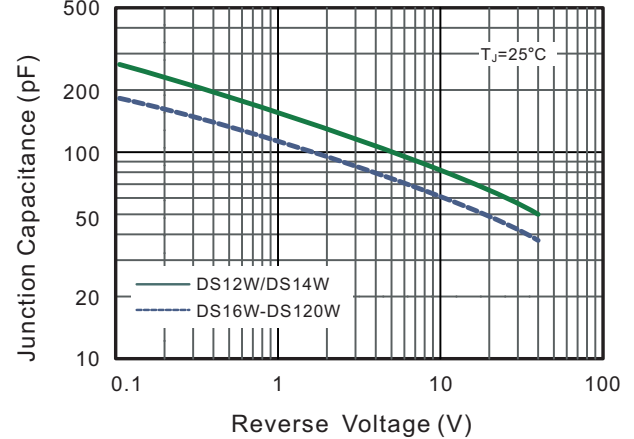


Fig.5 Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current

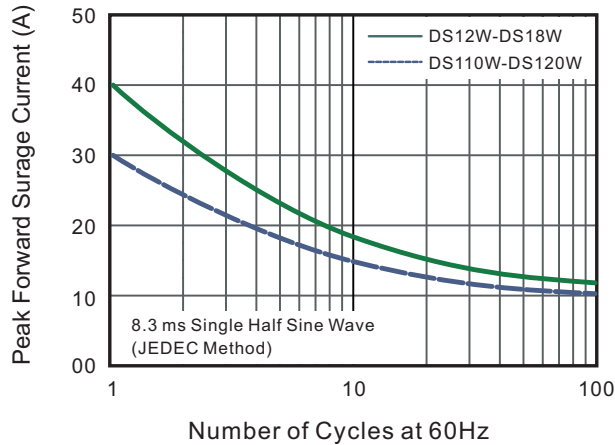


Fig.6- Typical Transient Thermal Impedance

